

**What is Geography?** (34 marks)

Q1. Name the continents labelled on the world map, in the grid below. Two have been done for you. (5 marks)

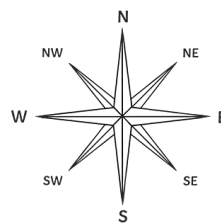
Letter	Continent
A	North America
B	South America
C	Africa
D	Europe
E	Asia
F	Australasia / Oceania
G	Antarctica

Q2. Name the world's major oceans on the world map, in the grid below. One has been done for you. (4 marks)

Letter	Ocean
A	Atlantic
B	Pacific
C	Indian Ocean
D	Antarctic / Southern
E	Arctic

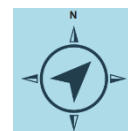
Q3. (i) Add the 3 missing compass points on the compass rose below. N (north) has been done for you. (2 marks)

1 mark 3 points labelled correctly  
2 marks all four points labelled correctly



(ii) Which direction is the arrow pointing to on the compass rose? (1 mark)

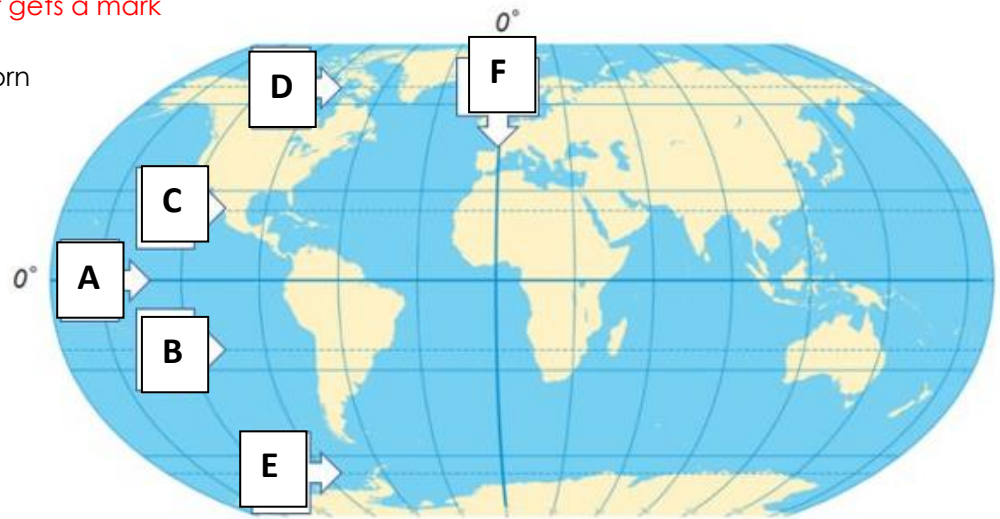
NE / Northeast



Q4. Add labels A-F in the correct places shown on the map of the world. (6 marks)

Each correct answer gets a mark

- A. Equator
- B. Tropic of Capricorn
- C. Tropic of Cancer
- D. Arctic Circle
- E. Antarctic Circle
- F. Prime Meridian



Q5. (i) Name the 4 countries that make up the United Kingdom in the grid below. One has been done for you. (3 marks)

One mark per correct answer

(ii). Name the UK's capital cities in the grid below. Two have been done for you. (2 marks)

One mark per correct answer

Letter	Country	Capital City
<b>A</b>	Scotland	Edinburgh
<b>B</b>	England	London
<b>C</b>	Northern Ireland	Belfast
<b>D</b>	Wales	Cardiff

Q6. Below is a map showing the relief (height) of land in the UK. Use the key on the map and tick the correct statements in the grid below. (4 marks)

One mark per correct statement

	True	False
The north and west of the UK is mainly made up of upland areas.	X	
Eastern England is mainly lowland.	X	
The south coast of England is made of highland.		X
The whole of Northern Ireland is mountainous.		X

Q7. Describe a human and a physical feature from the photograph below. (2 marks)

X1 mark clear description of physical feature e.g. mountain, sea, water, trees, vegetation, islands, clouds, sky, rock, coastline.

X1 mark for clear description of human feature e.g. statue, car ark, road (infrastructure), buildings

If I missed a feature off and it can be seen in the photograph accept it.

Q8. What is the difference between site and settlement?. (1 mark)

Full sentence with a clear comparison of the two.

A settlement, which may be permanent or temporary, large or small, is a place where people live. The exact location where the first houses were built, is called a site. Early settlers obviously looked for the best site.

Q9. Height on maps is shown in meters above sea level. There are three ways to show height on maps. Complete the table below with the names of each method. [3]

Name	Description
Layer shading	Colours and key are used to show the height of the land.
Spot heights	Show the exact height of a place.
Contour lines	Lines on a map which join up places of the same height

Contour Lines      Spot Heights      Layer Shading

1 mark for each correct answer.

Q10. Complete these sentences with the key words below: [4]

Contour lines which are far apart show the land is ..... Gently sloping

Contour lines which are close together show that the land is ..... Steep









A V-shape contour pattern which decreases in height shows a ..... Valley

Circular contour lines which increase in height show a ..... Hill

Hill      Gently Sloping      Valley      Steep

1 mark for each correct answer

Q11. Study at each symbol below and write down what it means in the box below it. [8]

			
Caravan and campsite	Church or church with a tower	Parking	School
			
Forest / Non-Coniferous Forest / Deciduous Forest (accept wood too)	Golf / Golf course	Footpath	Bus / coach station

- Q12. Give the spot height of Lonscale Fell? [1]  
.....  .....
- Q13. Name the farm (Fm) in grid reference 4325. [1]  
.....  .....
- Q14. What is the name of the river/beck in grid reference 4722. [1]  
.....  .....
- Q15. Give the four-figure grid reference of the following places; [2]  
A. Derwent Isle .....  .....  
B. Blencathra Field Centre on the NE of the map .....  .....
- Q16. What can be found at grid reference 423225? [1]  
.....  .....
- Q17. What can be found at grid reference 465224? [1]  
.....  .....
- Q18. Give the 6-figure grid reference of the 360° viewpoint north-east of Keswick. [1]
- Q19. Describe the slope in grid reference 4426. [1]  
.....  .....
- Q20. What direction would you be travelling from Applethwaite to Little Braithwaite? [1]  
.....  .....
- Q21. Using the scale (1 square = 1km), calculate the straight-line distance between the bridge at Long Close Farm (4126) and Stone Circle (4723). [1]

Long Close Farm – does cover 4126 / 4226

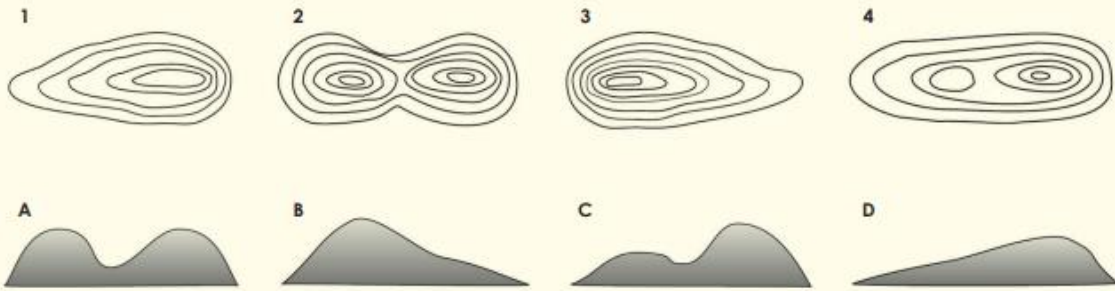
Ruler distance – depending where measure from as not given the 6-figure grid reference. (16cm-17cm)

2.8cm per 1km

Accept anything between 5 - 6 km

**Q22. Complete the table below by matching the 2D image with its corresponding contour line image.**

[4]



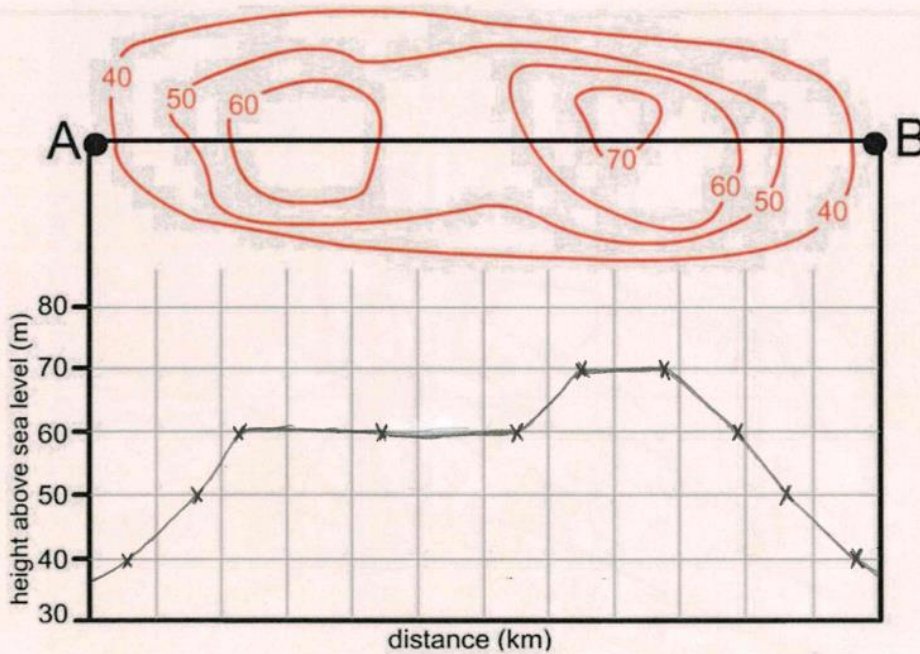
Contour line image	2D image
1	D
2	A
3	B
4	C

1 mark for each correctly matched up 2D image.

**Q23. Complete the cross profile of the transect line A-B.**

[3]

Use a ruler and pencil to accurately plot. Then draw a smooth line to connect the dots.



1 mark for plotting the correct height of the contour

1 mark for accurately plotting on the distance axis

1 mark for joining up the cross section plotted points (accept if they don't join the first and last point to the end of the axis)